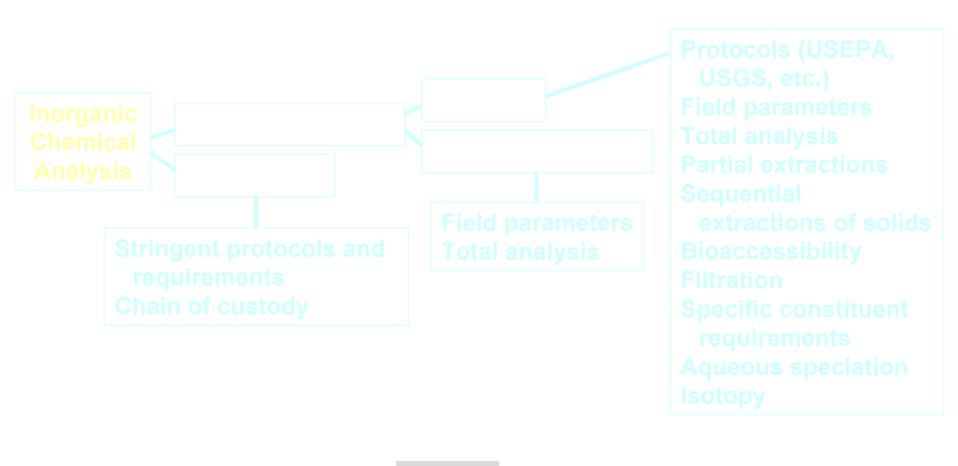


# Chemical Analysis Solids / Waters / Leachates

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Billings Symposium / ASMR Annual Meeting
Assessing the Toxicity Potential
of Mine-Waste Piles Workshop
June 1, 2003

# Flow Chart for Ranking and Prioritization







# **Chemical Analysis of Mine-Waste Material**

# What is the question?

Need to choose appropriate methods for your needs

- Constituents of interest
- Precision
- Detection limits

Remember, analytical data are only as good as the sample



# Chemical Analysis of Mine-Waste Material

- Sample collection
- Sample preservation
- Sample preparation
- Laboratory subsampling
- Sample digestion / decomposition
- Analytical methods
  - Standard reference materials
  - QA/QC
- Sample archival



## **Analytical Error**

- Sample preparation and processing
- Laboratory subsampling
- Digestion or extraction
- Analytical method
- Instrument calibration



# Sample Digestion

## "Total" Digestion Methods

- > Acid(s)
  - USGS methods
  - USEPA methods
  - Aqua regia (HNO<sub>3</sub>/HCI=1:3; problem with silicates)
- Fusion (lose an element)

#### Partial Extraction Methods

- USEPA methods
- Custom methods
- Sequential extraction methods
  - Operationally defined phases



## **Metal Pools**

Solid-phase fractionation

**Surface** 

adsorption

and solubility

Solid-solution chemical speciation

Oxides (Fe, Mn)

**Carbonates** 

Silicate clays

**Sulfides** 

**Mixed surfaces** 

**Secondary precipitates** 

**Organic matter** 

Inorganic ligands

Soil-solution free metal activity

Complexation

DOM-bound metals

Inorganic ion

pairs in solution

рН

Dissolved organic Matter (DOM)



## Common Extraction Methods

- Water
- Salt solutions
  - e.g., CaCl<sub>2</sub>, MgCl<sub>2</sub>, NaNO<sub>3</sub>, NH<sub>4</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>
  - Simulate soil solutions; exchangeable
- Chelating agents
  - e.g., EDTA, DTPA
  - Potentially labile portion
- Oxidizing or reducing agents
- > Acids
  - e.g., HCl, HNO<sub>3</sub>, aqua regia
  - Fairly rigorous treatment



## Common Analytical Methods

- Inductively coupled plasma-atomic emission spectroscopy (ICP-AES)
- Ion chromatography (IC)
- Inductively coupled plasma-mass spectrometry (ICP-MS)
- Atomic absorption spectroscopy (AAS)
- X-ray fluorescence (XRF)
- Instrumental neutron activation analysis (INAA)
- Laser ablation



## Common Waste-Rock Methods

- Leaching methods
  - Static tests
  - Kinetic tests (incl. humidity cells)
- Acid-base accounting
- Mineralogy
  - X-ray diffraction
  - Petrographic studies
- Specific gravity



## Which Analytical Method?

- Detection limits
- Precision requirements
- Constituent(s) of interest
  - Multiple or single (e.g., Hg requires special methods)
  - Specific method necessary
- Freedom from interferences
- Established methods vs new methods
- Resources



## QA / QC

- Standard Reference Materials (SRMs)
  - NIST
  - USGS
  - Canada
- Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs)
- Replicates
- Blanks
- Spiked samples
- Documentation

